

# Bandwidth Enhancement of Multi band Microstrip Patch Antenna

<sup>[1]</sup> Pavan Kumar Shandilya, <sup>[2]</sup> Poonam Sinha

<sup>[1]</sup> PG Student [MMW], <sup>[2]</sup> HOD,

Department of Electrical and Communication Engineering,  
UIT, Barkatullah University, Bhopal, [MP]

<sup>[1]</sup>pavanshandilya14@gmail.com, <sup>[2]</sup>poonamuit@yahoo.com

**Abstract-** — Microstrip patch antenna is versatile field of antenna theory. A special antenna design that improves electrical performance and sustainability is described here. A single feed compact microstrip patch antenna with resonant frequency 4 GHz is proposed in this paper for two geometries. The proposed antenna design of different geometries (i.e. Rectangular and circular). The simulation results are : For rectangular geometry return loss of -38.86 dB ,VSWR = 1.023 at 5 GHz, and 28% impedance bandwidth at 4.5 – 6 GHz and for circular geometry return loss of -19.54 dB ,VSWR = 1.236 at 7 GHz and 25% impedance bandwidth at 6.2 - 8 GHz.

**Index Terms**— IE3D simulator, Rectangular antenna, Circular antenna, coaxial probe feed, Return loss, bandwidth

## I. INTRODUCTION

Micro strip patch antenna was proposed in early 1970 and it provides a great revolution in the field of proposed antenna. The antennas were designed for the application of satellite communication that uses frequency of 4GHz as per IEEE standards [11]. Nowadays, microstrip patch antennas has very popular and widely used in various applications [4] that is communication systems, because of its robustness, planar profile, low profile low cost, easy of fabrication and compatibility with integrated circuit technology[1][7]. Different geometries of microstrip patch antenna have been investigated by the researchers. In this paper we have analyzed all the three geometries and try to find out at which feed point geometries will give better return loss, VSWR, efficiency and bandwidth for our detected feeding point, we have checked out all remaining parameters. The proposed antenna is fabricated on an FR4 substrate using IE3D simulator which is based on method of moment [2][3] [10].

## II. ANTENNA DESIGN

### A. For Rectangular Geometry

The electric field lines in the reception apparatus for the most part move in the substrate and even a bit out of the substrate in the air thus the value of effective dielectric constant ( $\epsilon_{reff}$ ) is slightly less than that of  $\epsilon_r$ . In this communication, a dual U-slot micro strip antenna operating at the 4 GHz [1][4]-[6][9].

The Calculation of the Width (W):

$$W = \frac{c}{2f_0 \frac{\sqrt{\epsilon_r + 1}}{2}} \dots\dots\dots (1)$$

The Calculation of effective dielectric constant ( $\epsilon_{reff}$ ):

$$\epsilon_{reff} = \frac{\epsilon_r + 1}{2} + \frac{\epsilon_r - 1}{2} \left[ 1 + 12 \frac{h}{w} \right]^{1/2} \dots\dots\dots (2)$$

The Calculation of effective length ( $L_{eff}$ ):

$$L_{eff} = \frac{c}{2f_0 \sqrt{\epsilon_{reff}}} \dots\dots\dots (3)$$

The calculation of length extension ( $\Delta L$ ):

$$\Delta L = 0.412h \frac{(\epsilon_{reff} + 0.30) \left(\frac{w}{h} + 0.264\right)}{(\epsilon_{reff} - 0.258) \left(\frac{w}{h} + 0.8\right)} \dots\dots\dots (4)$$

The calculation of actual length of patch (L):

$$L = L_{eff} - 2\Delta L \dots\dots\dots (5)$$

The calculation of ground plane dimension ( $L_g$  and  $W_g$ ):

$$L_g = 6h + l \dots\dots\dots (6)$$

$$W_g = 6h + w \dots\dots\dots (7)$$

Taking Resonant frequency of 4 GHz, h= 1.5mm,  $\epsilon_r$ = 4.3 ,L=17.6mm, W=23mm, L<sub>g</sub>=26.6mm, W<sub>g</sub>= 32mm and loss tangent=0.019

### B.For Circular Geometry

The dielectric constant is same as that of above case. This model can be further extended to compute the equivalent dielectric constant of circular microstrip patch antenna [9] using an equivalency relation between a rectangular patch of width and length. In this a U-slot microstrip patches antenna operating at the 4 GHz [1][4][8].

Effective radius is given by:

$$a_e = \left\{ 1 + \frac{2h}{\pi \epsilon_r a} \left[ \ln \left( \frac{\pi a}{2h} \right) + 1.7726 \right] \right\}^{1/2} \dots (1)$$

Where

$$a = \frac{F}{\left\{ 1 + \frac{2h}{\pi \epsilon_r F} \left[ \ln \left( \frac{\pi F}{2h} \right) + 1.7726 \right] \right\}^{1/2}} \dots (2)$$

$$F = \frac{8.791 \times 10^9}{f r \sqrt{\epsilon_r}} \dots (3)$$

Taking Resonant frequency of 4 GHz,  $h=1.5\text{mm}$ ,  $\epsilon_r=4.3$ ,  $a=8.976\text{mm}$ ,  $a_e=11.20\text{mm}$ ,  $f=10.59\text{mm}$  and loss tangent=0.019.

### III. PROPOSED ANTENNA GEOMETRY

#### A. For Rectangular Geometry

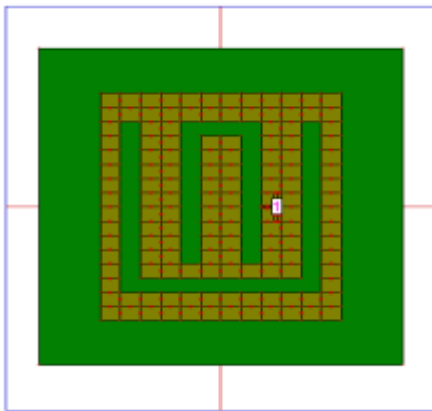


Fig.1 Rectangular Geometry of proposed antenna

S.No.	Parameter	Unit
1	Dialectical Material	FR4
2	Substrate Height	1.5mm
3	Loss Tangent	0.019
4	Dielectric Constant	4.3
5	Resonant frequency	4 GHz
6	L	17.6 mm
7	W	23 mm
8	Lg	26.6mm
9	Wg	32mm

Table 1: Dimensions of proposed rectangular microstrip patch antenna

#### B. For Circular Geometry

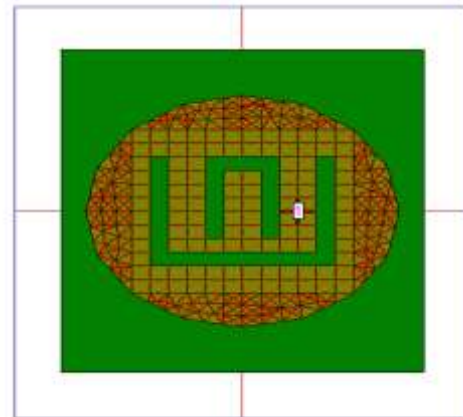


Fig.2 Circular Geometry of proposed antenna

S.No.	Parameter	Unit
1	Dialectical Material	FR4
2	Substrate Height	1.5mm
3	Loss Tangent	0.019
4	Dielectric Constant	4.3
5	Resonant frequency	4 GHz
6	L	17.6 mm
7	W	23 mm
8	Ae	11.20mm
9	A	8.976mm
10	F	10.59mm

### IV. SIMULATED RESULTS

#### A. Simulated Results For Rectangular Geometry

The reproduced aftereffects of proposed reception apparatus are appeared in Fig. by using IE3D simulator. The return loss is  $-38.86\text{dB}$  achieved at 5 GHz with is VSWR less than 2.

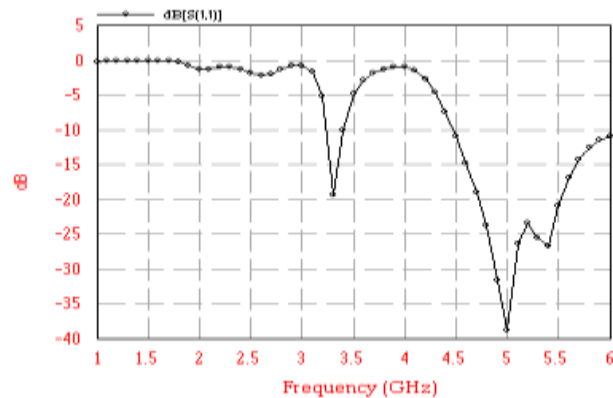


Fig.3 Simulated return loss of proposed rectangular antenna The simulated result of proposed antenna show that the VSWR is 1.023 at 5 GHz.

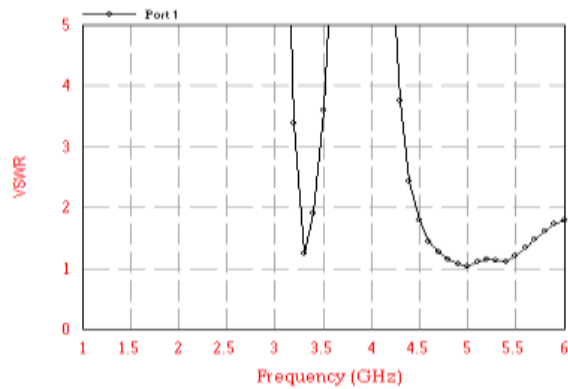


Fig. 4 VSWR of proposed rectangular antenna

### B. Simulated Results For Circular Geometry

The simulated results of proposed antenna are shown in Fig. by using IE3D simulator. The return loss is  $-19.54$  dB achieved at 7 GHz with VSWR less than 2.

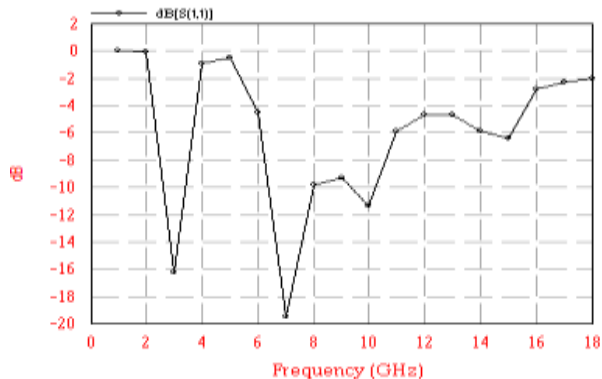


Fig. 5 Simulated return loss of proposed circular antenna. The recreated after effect of proposed antenna appears that the VSWR is 1.236 at 7 GHz.

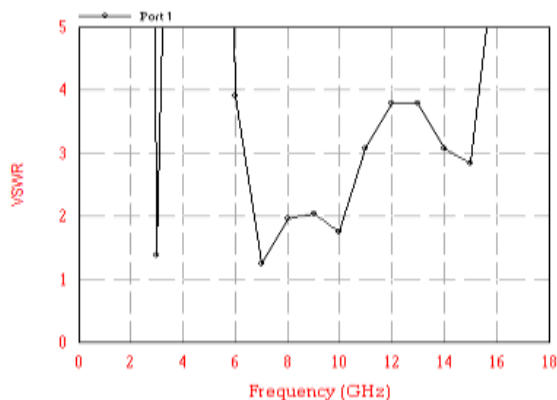


Fig.6 VSWR of proposed circular antenna

## V. CONCLUSION

Both geometries of patch antenna are investigated and results are found to be best in case of rectangular microstrip patch antenna. However the supply positions which produce

the important results be positioned on rectangular microstrip patch. In circular geometry the results are not good as in case of rectangular microstrip patch antenna. The proposed Rectangular microstrip patch antenna return loss of  $-38.86$  dB with VSWR is 1.023, Gain of 2.94 dBi, Efficiency of about 82% at 5 GHz and 28% impedance bandwidth at 4.5 – 6 GHz with VSWR less than 2 and Circular microstrip patch antenna has return loss of  $-19.54$  dB with VSWR is 1.236, Gain of 3.604 dBi, Efficiency of about 74% at 7 GHz and 25% impedance bandwidth at 6.2 - 8 GHz with VSWR less than 2.

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